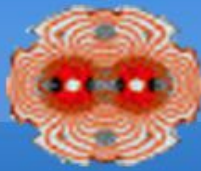




Stability considerations with beam-beam and octupoles

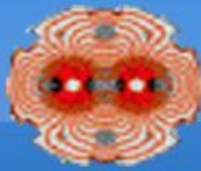


X. Buffat on behalf of the collective effects and beam-beam teams

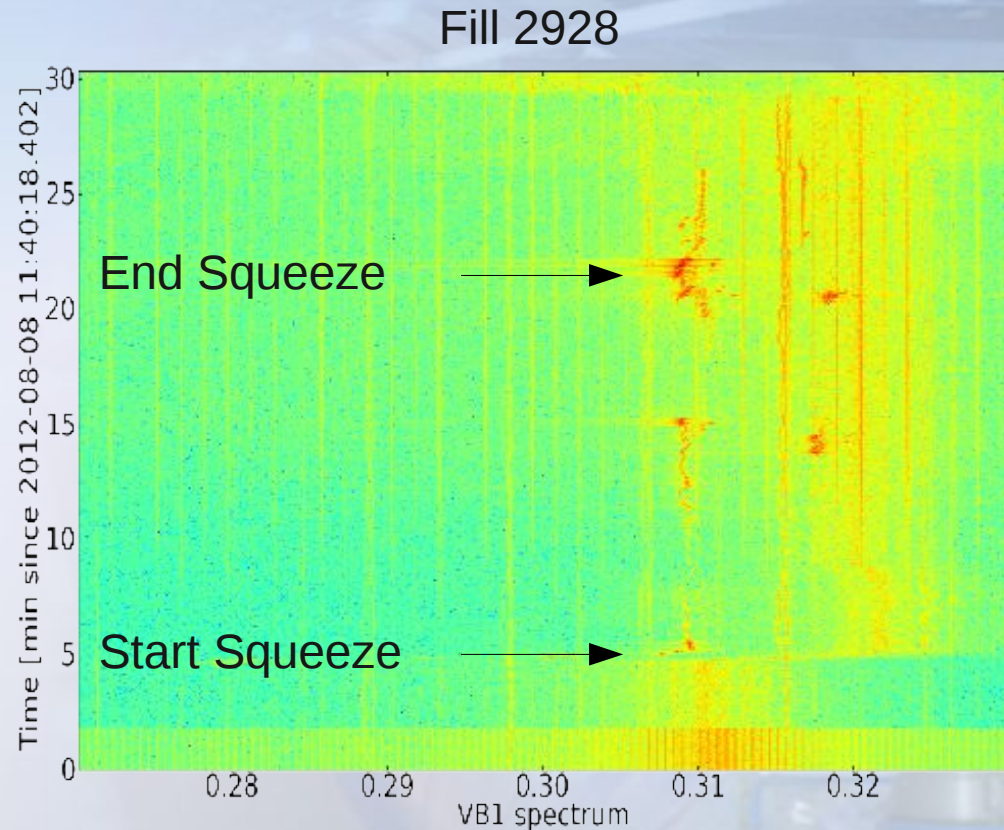
- Instability observations with new octupole setting
- Stability diagrams
 - Before / after the squeeze
 - Collapse of separation (ADJUST)

Observations

Flat top / during the squeeze

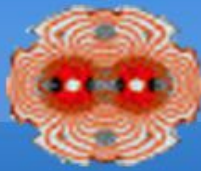


- Fills 2928, 2932
- Both vertical and horizontal
- **No longer observed** with high chromaticity and large ADT gain

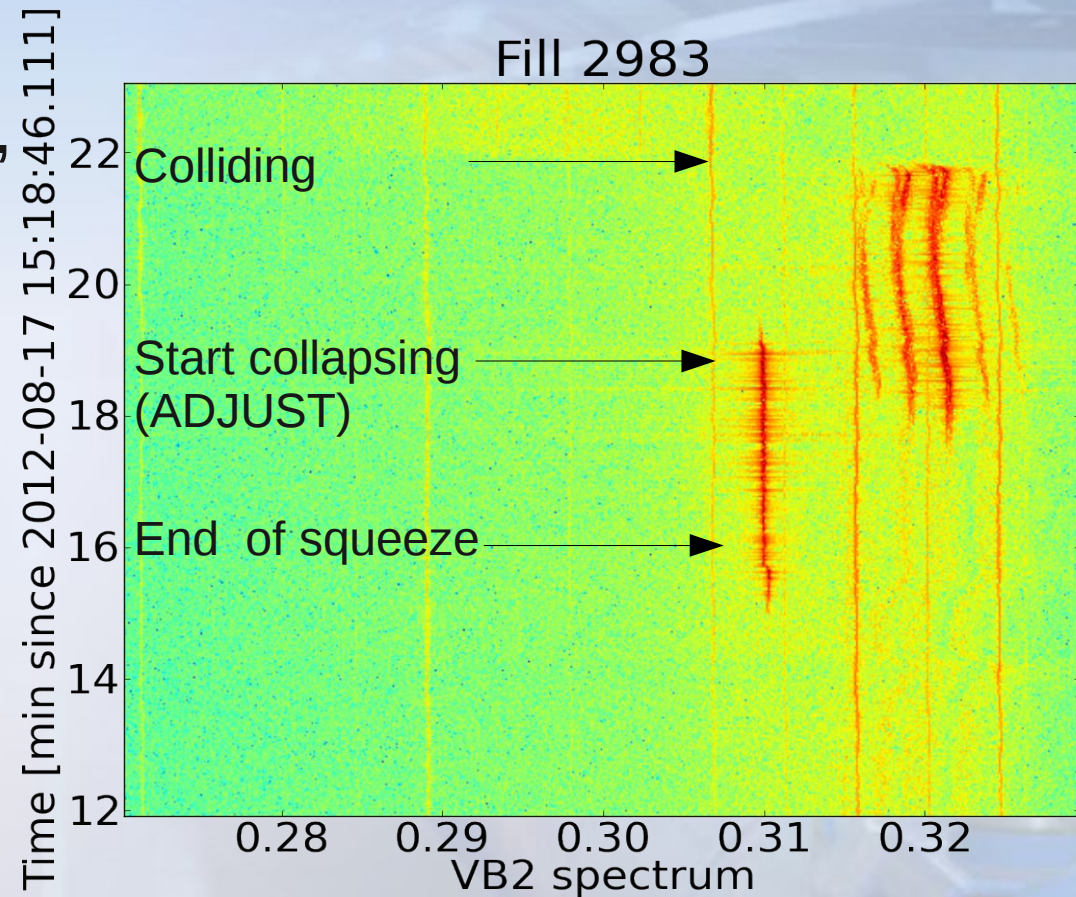


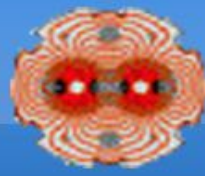
Observations

End of squeeze



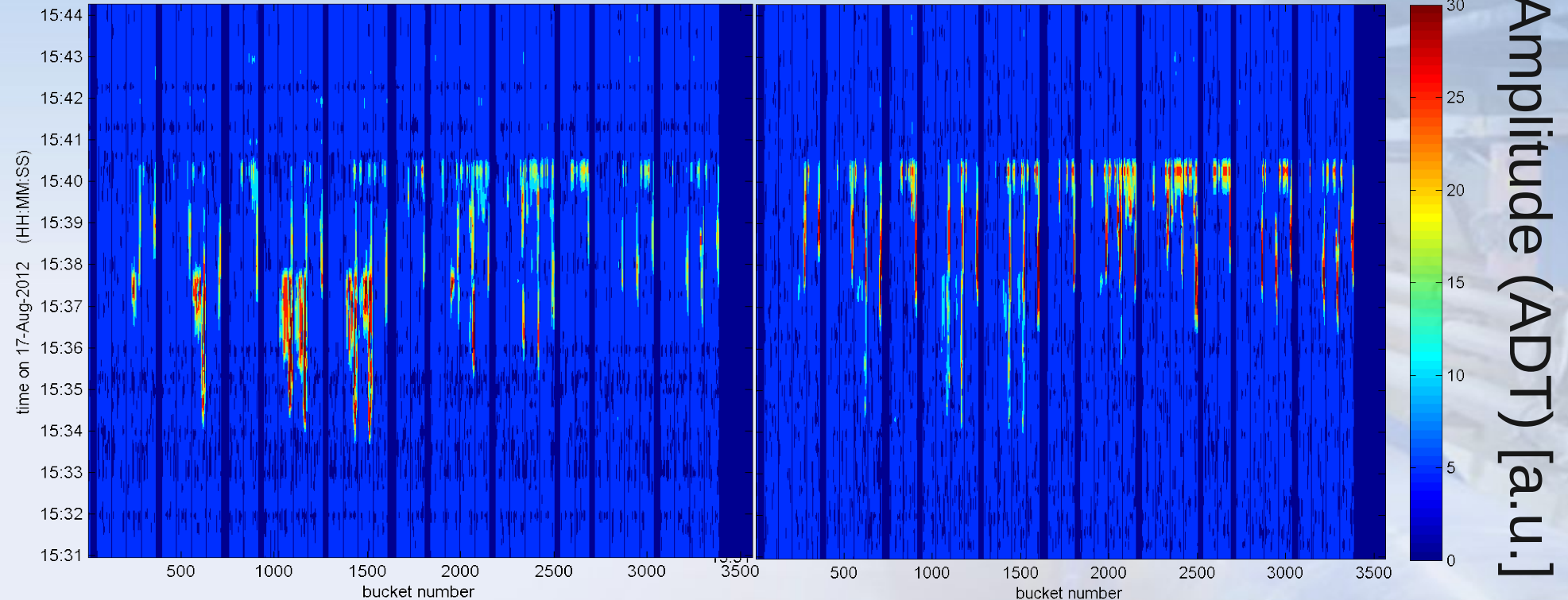
- Fills 2927, 2928, 2980, 2981, 2983, 2984, 2987, 2991, 2995, 2997
- Mainly vertical, but not exclusively
- Losses and emittance growth, but **no dump**
- Note : BBQ is not bunch by bunch → all bunches in one spectrum



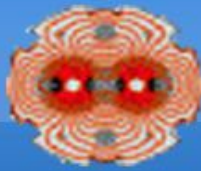


Fill 2983, B2 , Horizontal

Vertical

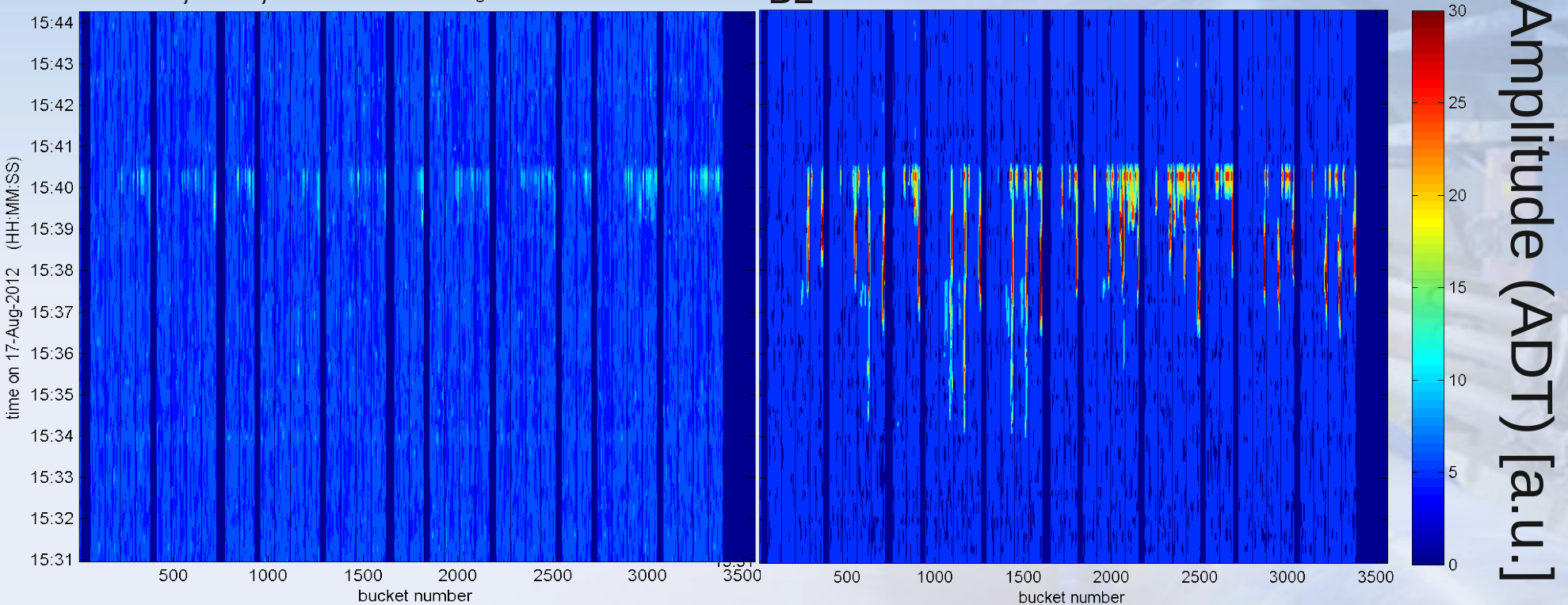


- Horizontally, middle-end of batches are unstable (as before the change of octupole polarity)
- Vertically, end of batches are going unstable



Fill 2983, B1 , Vertical

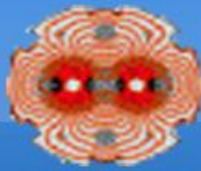
B2



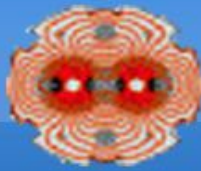
- Only one beam is unstable at a time



Summary of observations

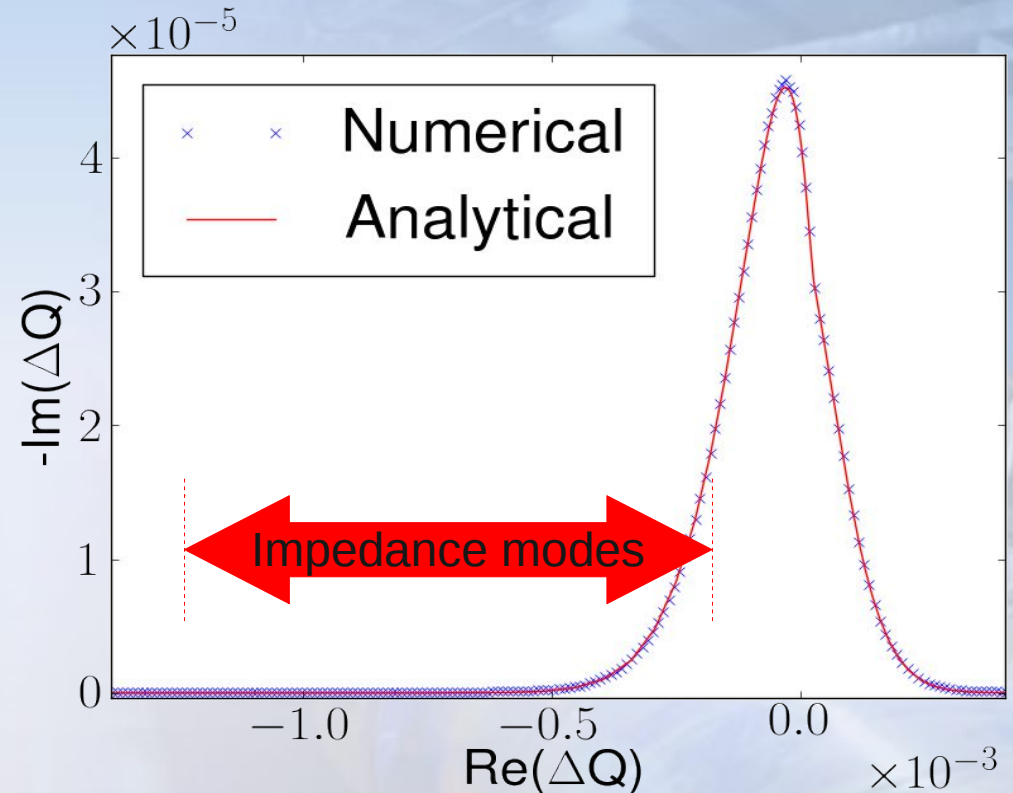


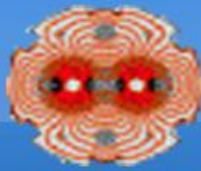
- Less stability at the beginning of the squeeze
 - Not an issue with current parameters
- Vertical instabilities are now also observed at the end of the squeeze / while collapsing the separation (ADJUST)
- Different bunches are affected (End of batches)
- **Why at the end of the squeeze ?**



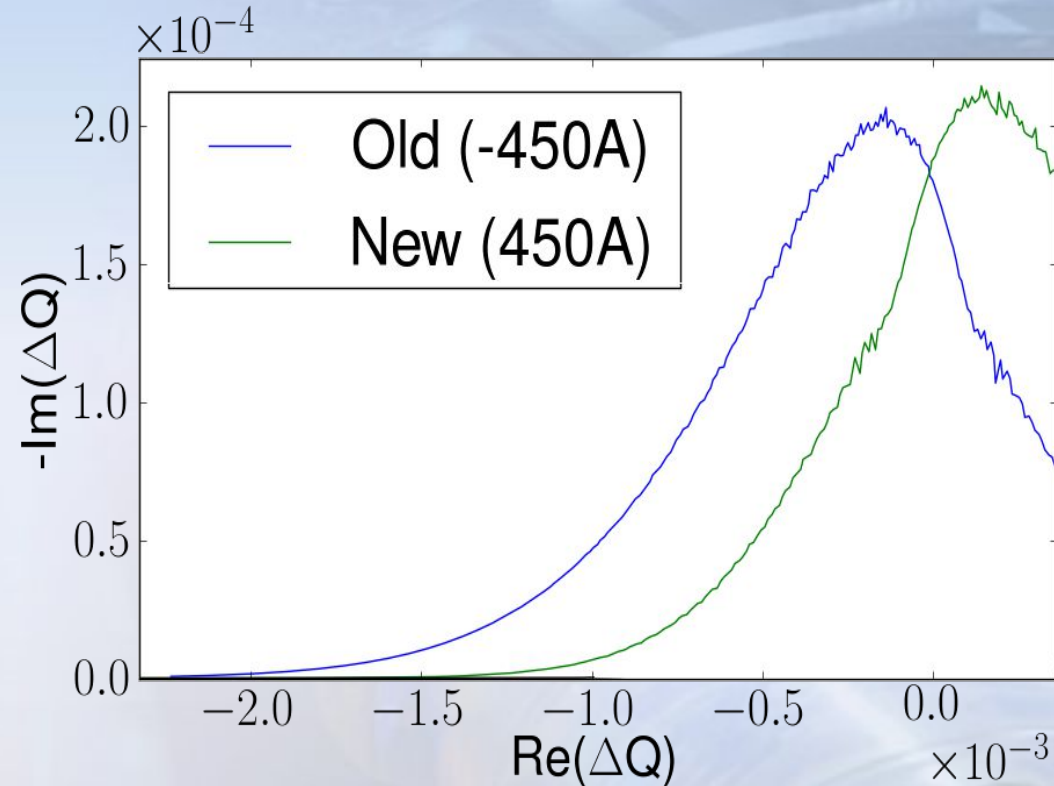
- Tune spread from tracking simulation (MAD-X)
- Numerical evaluation of the dispersion integral

- W. Herr and L. Vos, *Tune distributions and effective tune spread from beam-beam interactions and the consequences for Landau damping in the LHC*, LHC Project Note 316, 2003





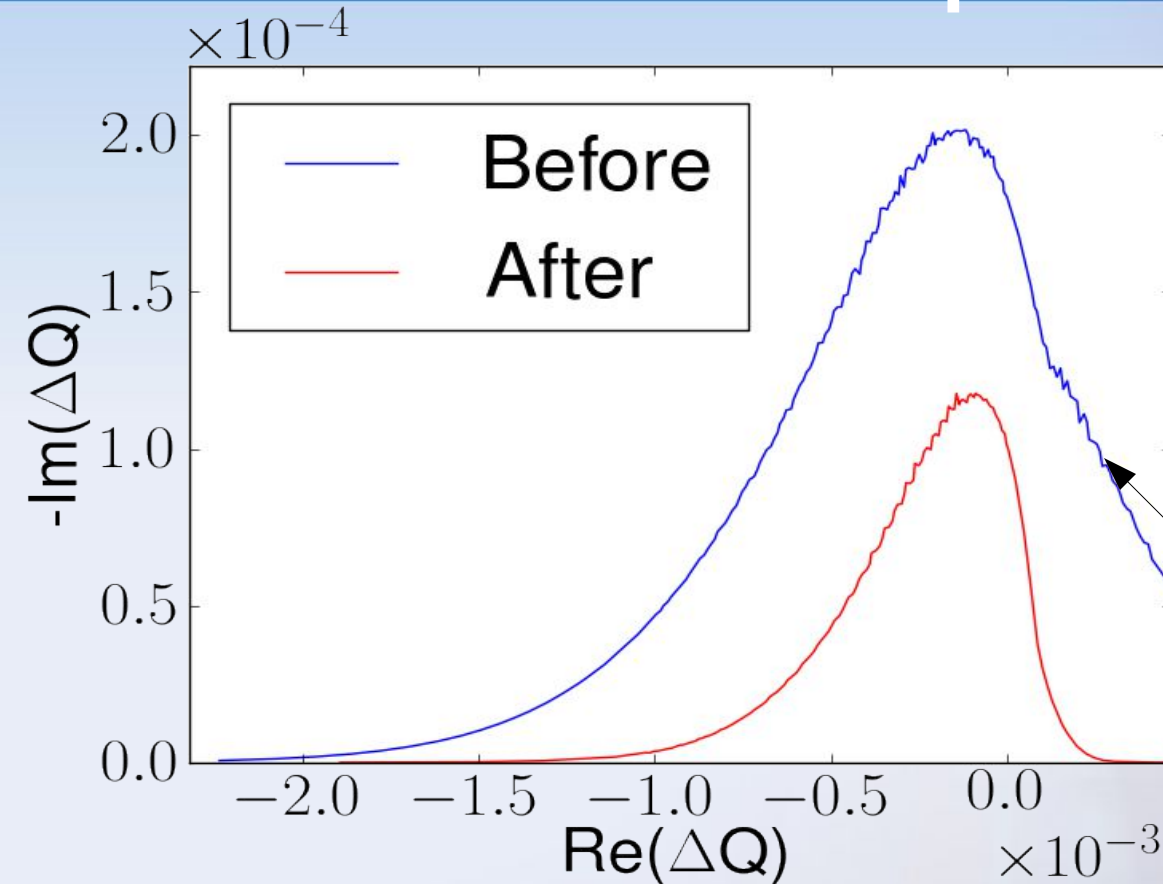
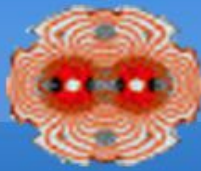
- Stability diagram smaller than with old polarity
 - As already mentioned by the impedance team [1]
- **Stabilized** by
 - high current in the octupole
 - high chromaticity
 - high damper gain



[1] E. Métral and A. Verdier, Stability Diagram For Landau Damping With A Beam Collimated At An Arbitrary Number Of Sigmas, CERN-AB-2004-019 -ABP

After the squeeze

Old polarity



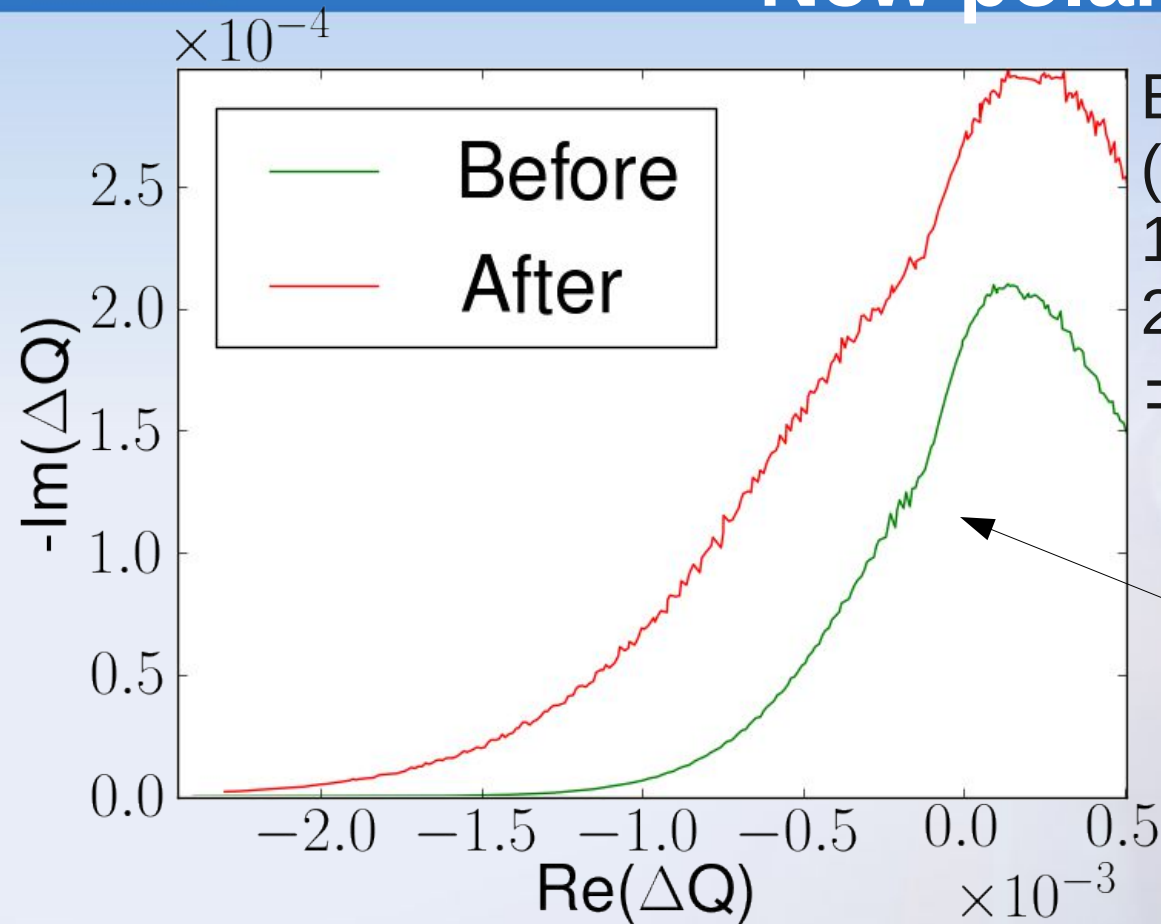
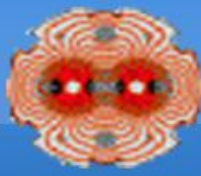
Beam 1, bunch 85
(i.e. Nominal bunch)
1.4E11
2E-6 μm
 $\pm 450\text{A}$

Stable before the
squeeze

- The compensation of LR and octupole tune spread could explain the instability

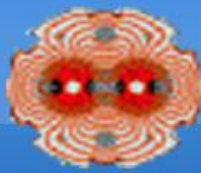
After the squeeze

New polarity

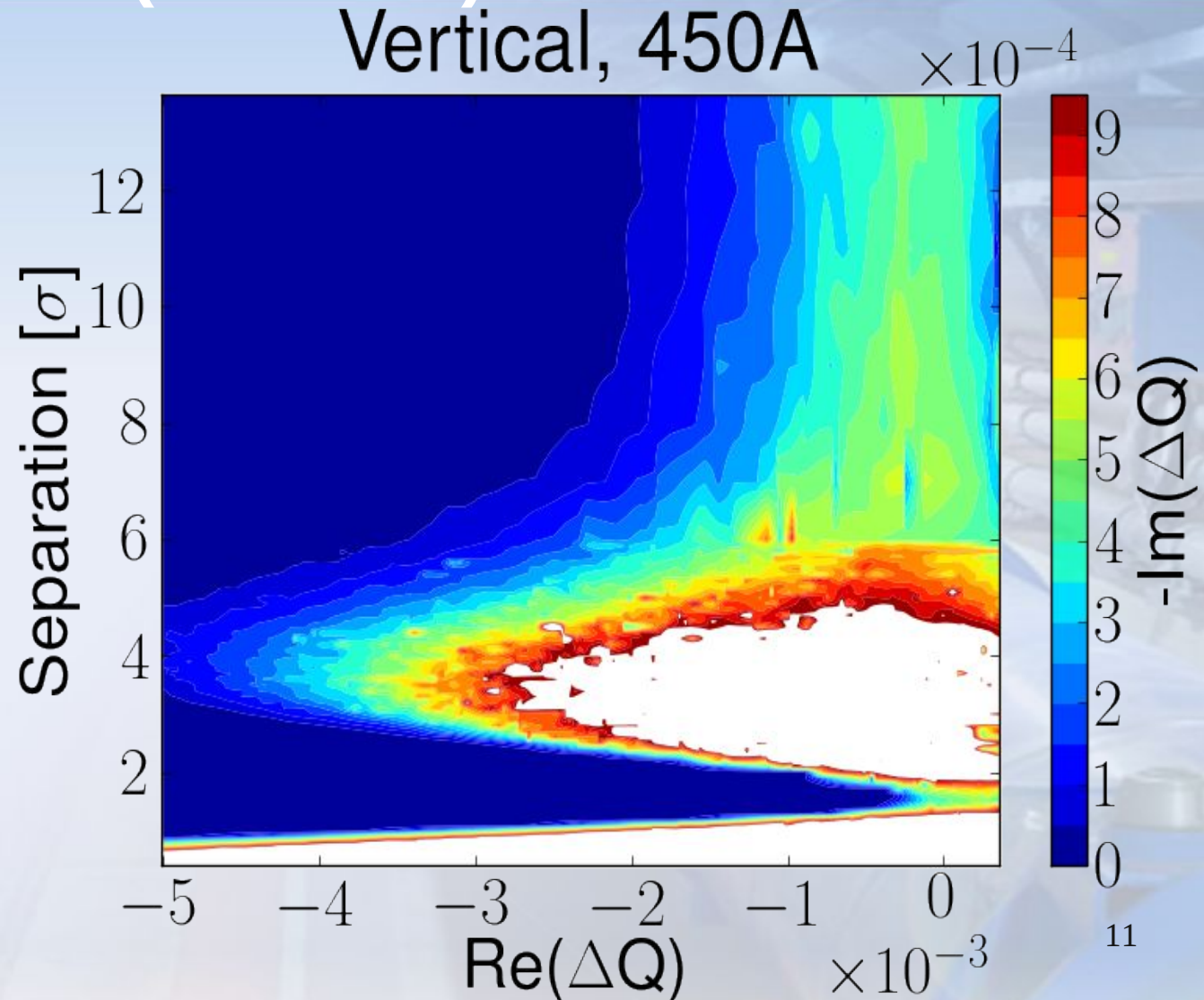


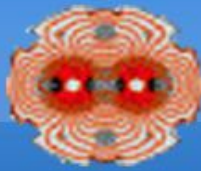
- The compensation of LR and octupole tune spread **do not explain** the instability

Collapse of separation (ADJUST)

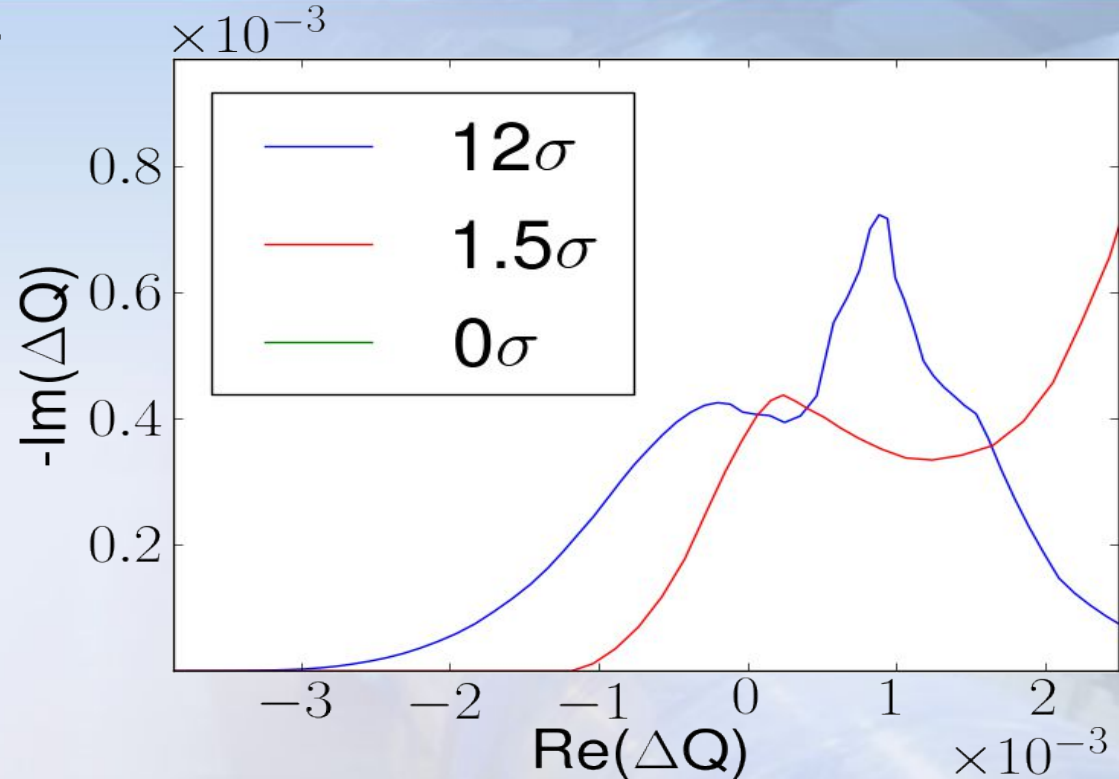


- Parameters :
 - 1.5E11
 - 2E-6 μm
 - 450A (new)
 - Full LR in all IPs
- All IPs collapsed synchronously
- No offset in the Xing plane

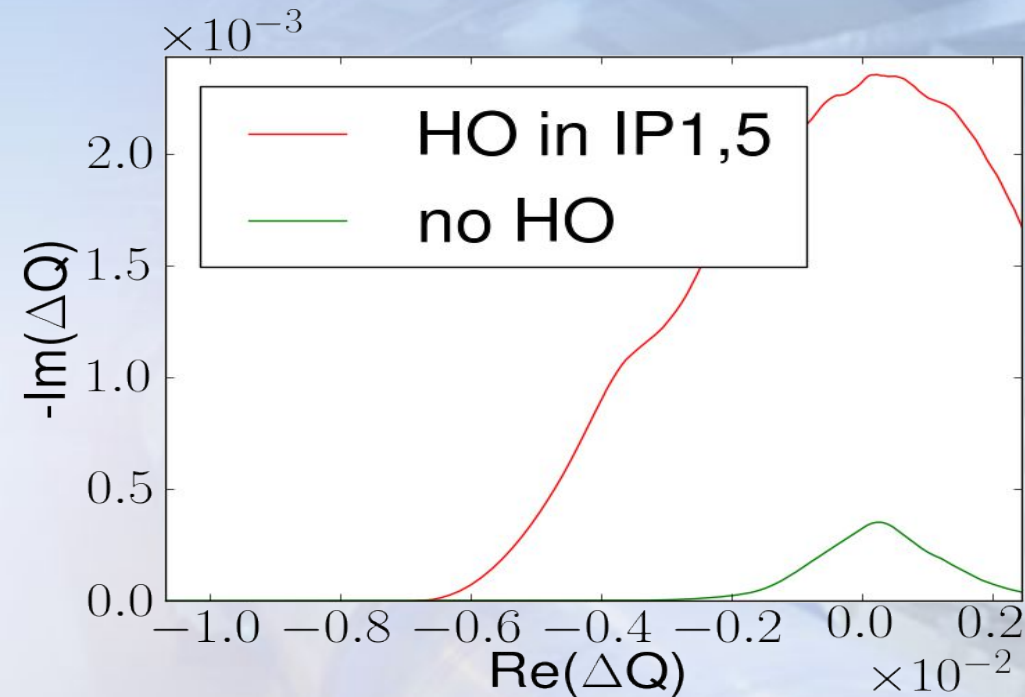
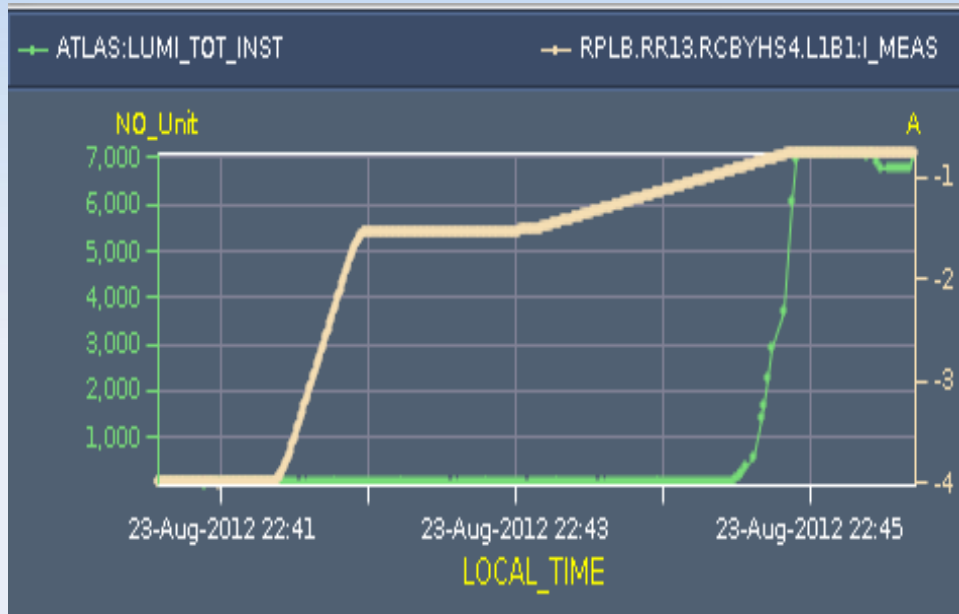
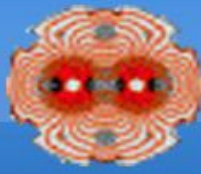




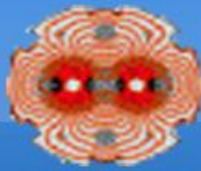
- New polarity provides better stability during the collapse of the separation
- Still there is minimum of stability to go through
- Difficult to predict, depends on :
 - Collision schedule
 - Intensity
 - Emittance
 - Octupole setting
 - Transverse offsets at the IPs



- We have been going through this minimum **all last year ! but faster...**



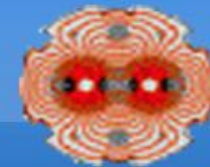
- Instabilities take time to develop (few seconds)
- The process takes 220s instead 56s because of IP8 tilting
 - One could do IP8 tilting after colliding in IP1 and 5



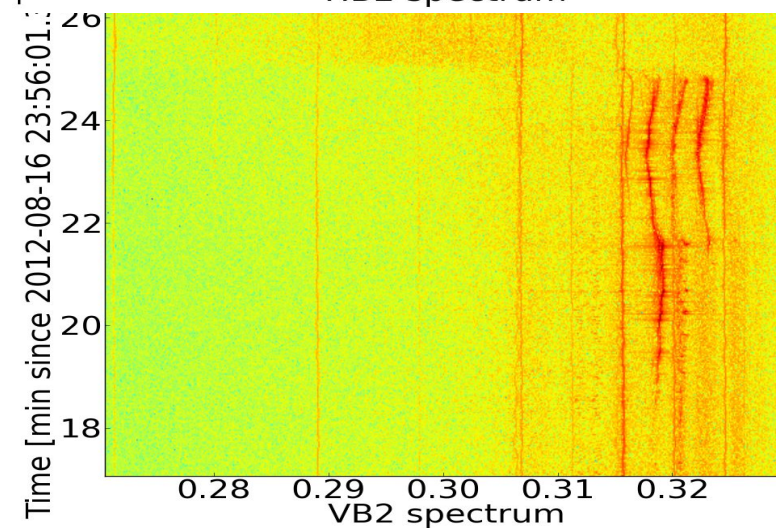
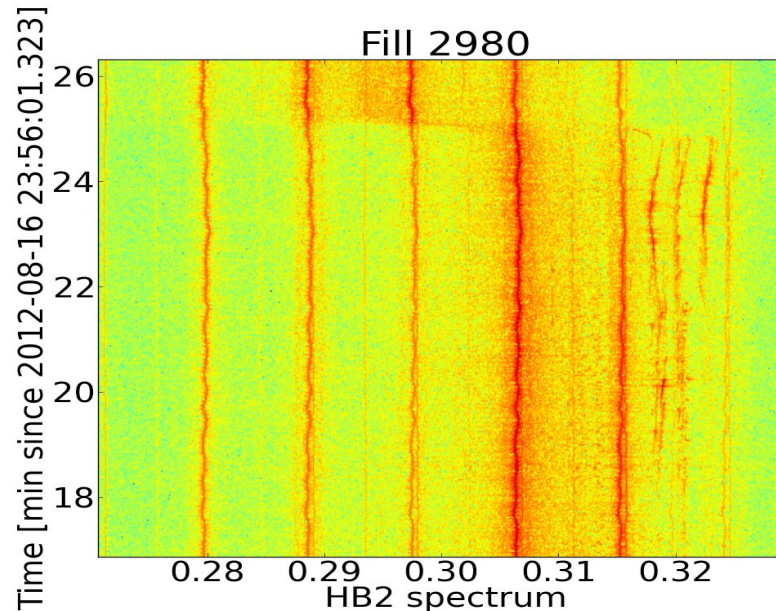
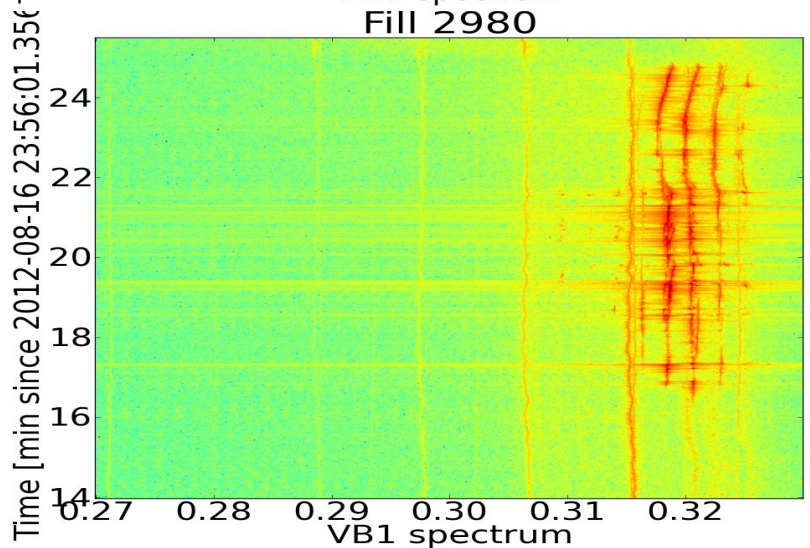
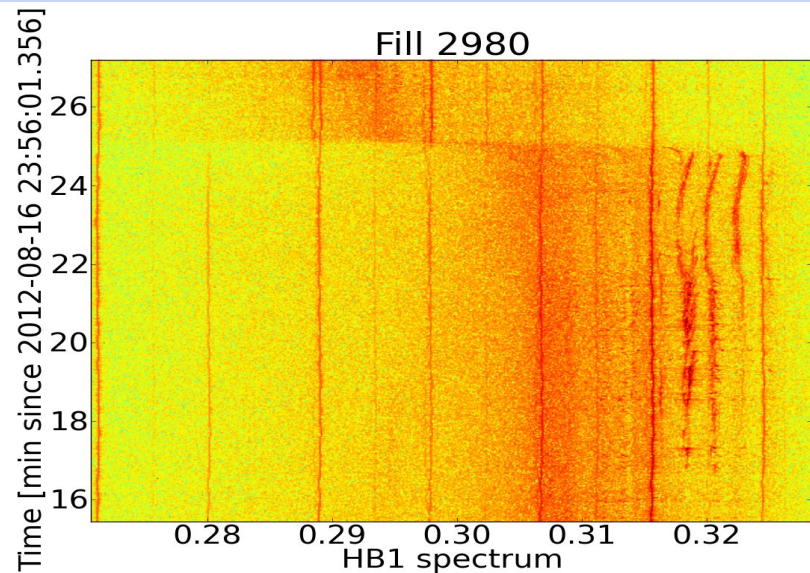
- New octupole polarity should provide a **better stability at the end of the squeeze**, but worse at the beginning
- Instability before / during / after the squeeze **cannot be explained** by the reduction of tune spread due to LRs (especially with the new polarity of the octupole)
 - The **source of the instability** must be understood
 - Possible solution : Stability region due to head-on is **huge**
- It is difficult to ensure sufficient stability during the collapse of the separation
 - May be avoidable by going **faster through the process** (e.g. Colliding IP1 and 5 before IP8 tilting)



BACKUP

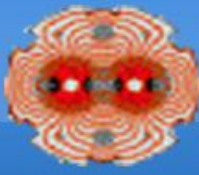


observations – fill 2980

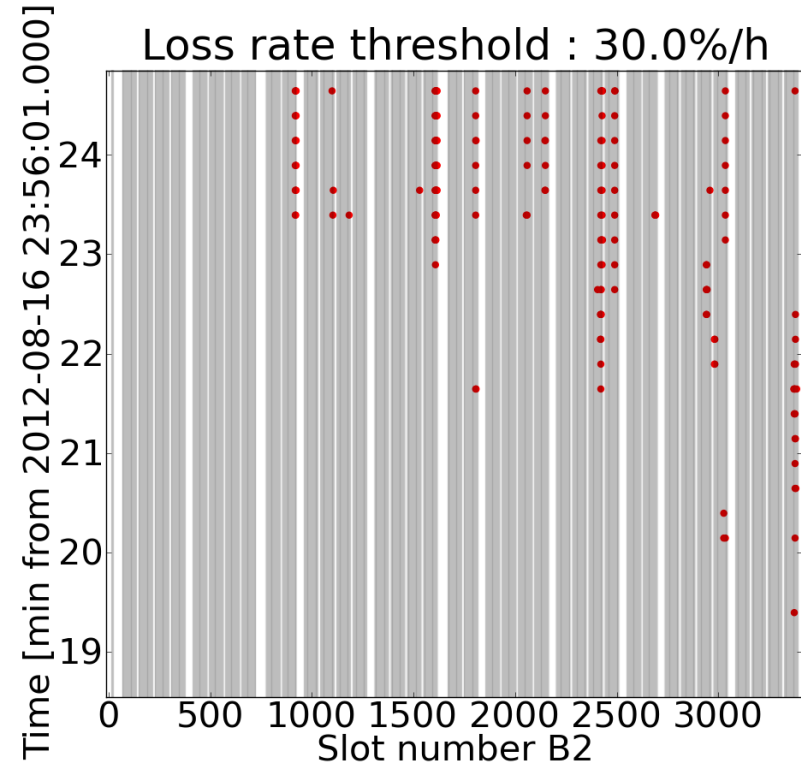
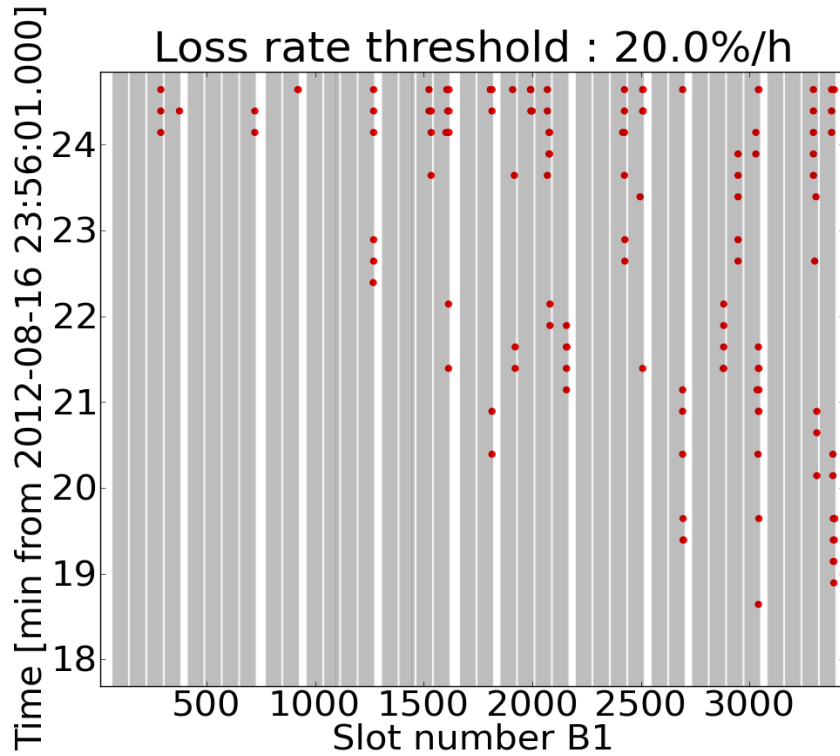




BACKUP

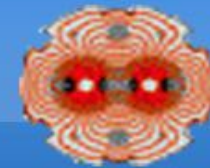


observations – fill 2980

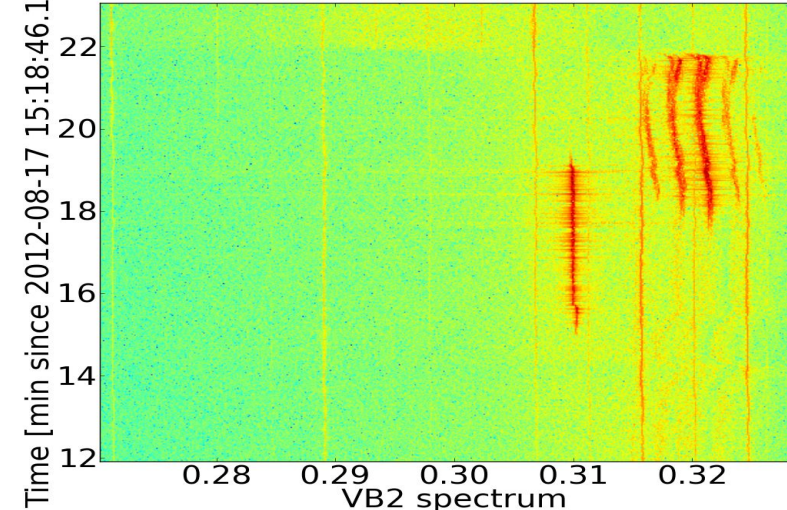
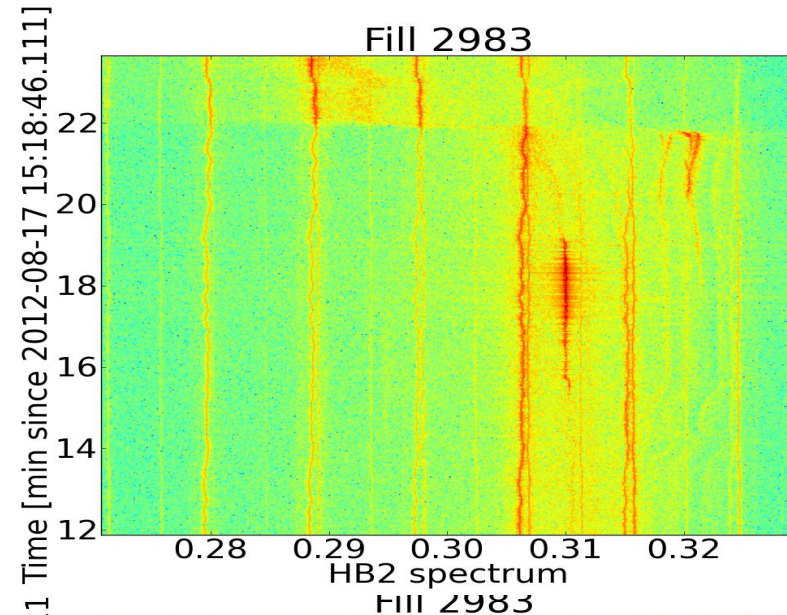
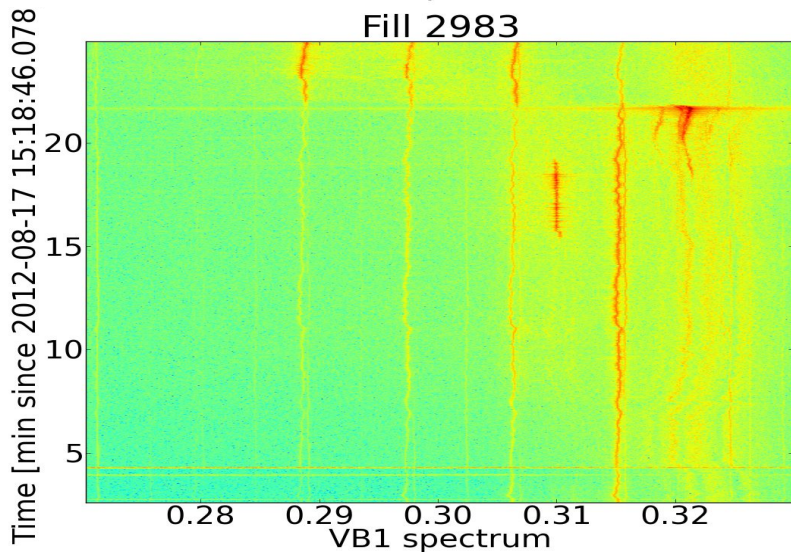
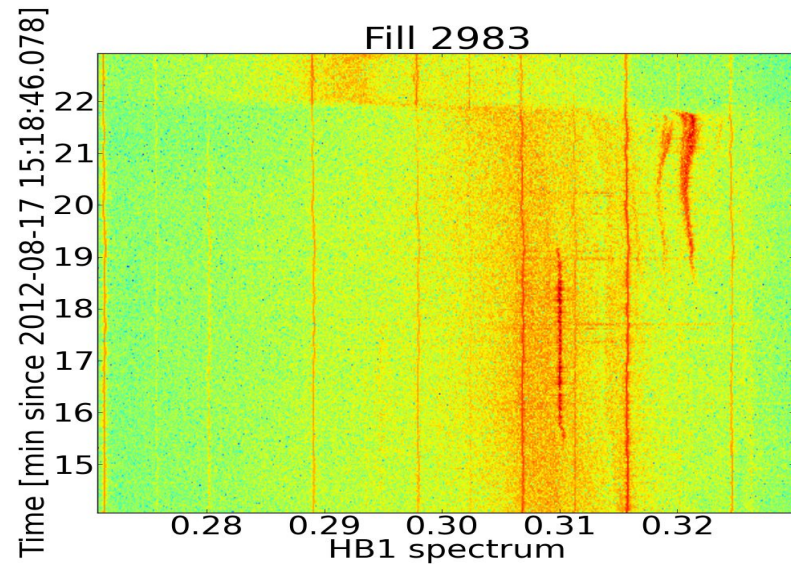




BACKUP

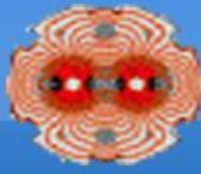


observations – fill 2983

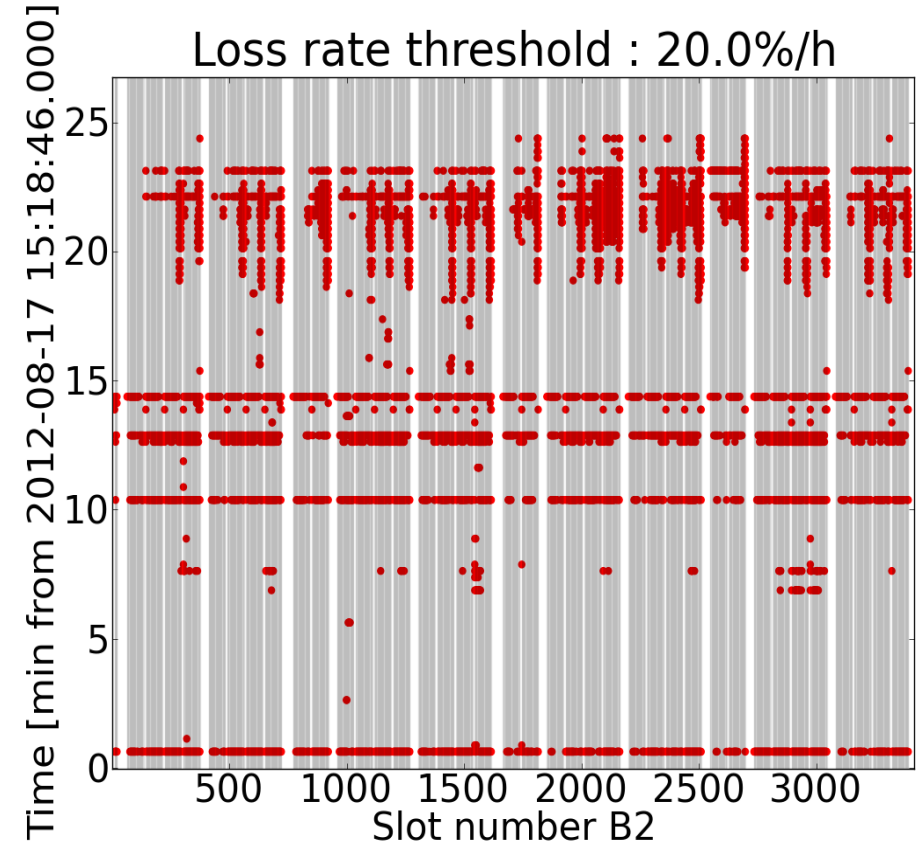
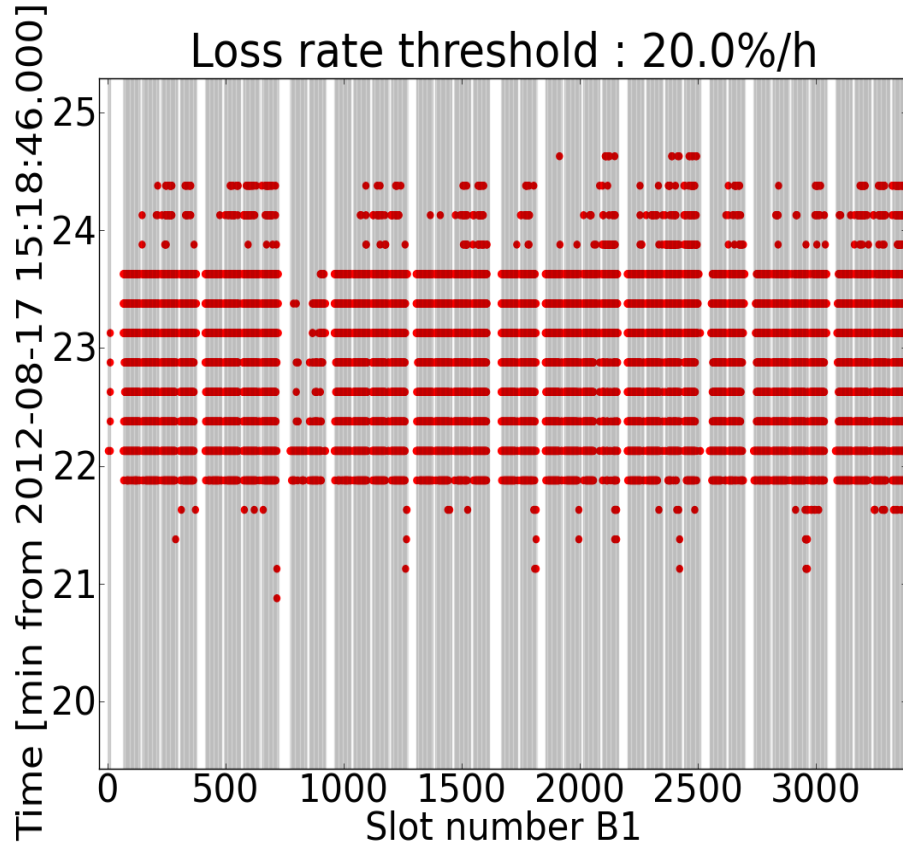




BACKUP

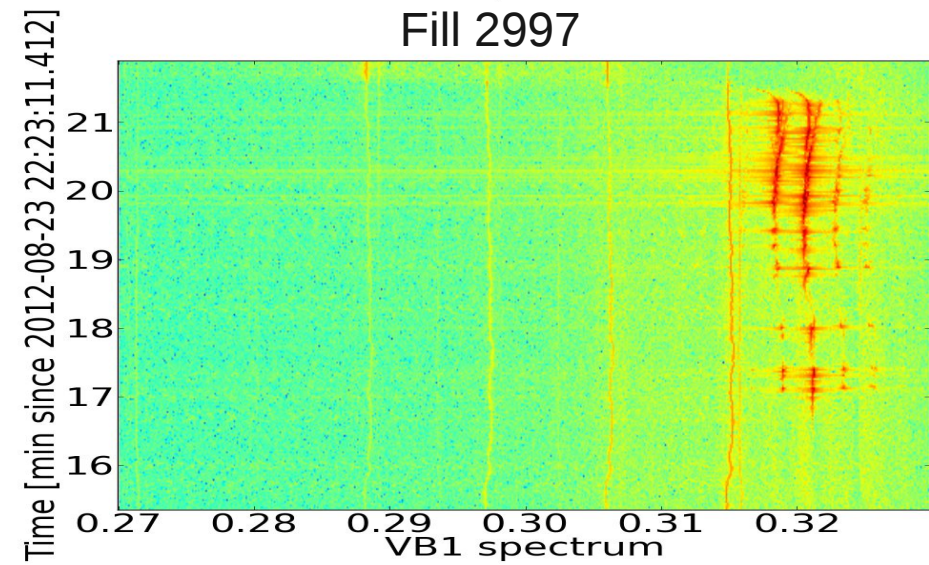
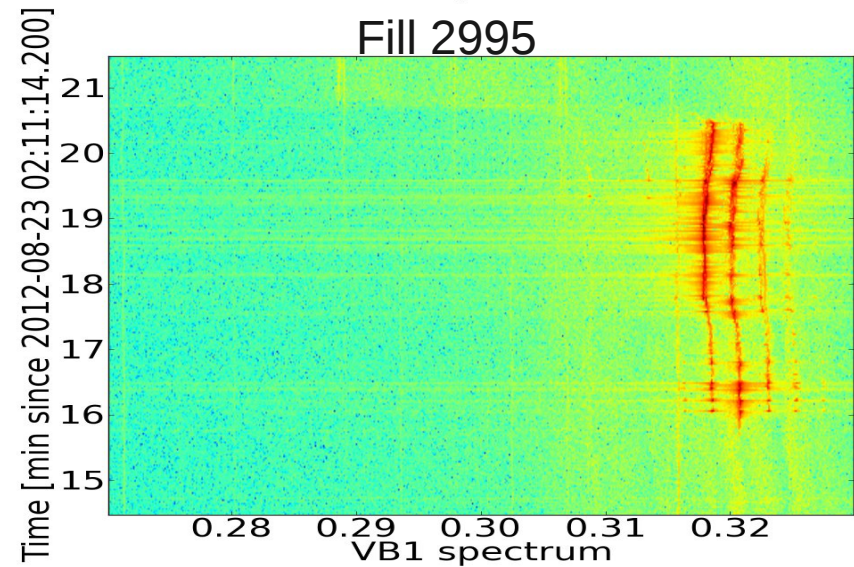
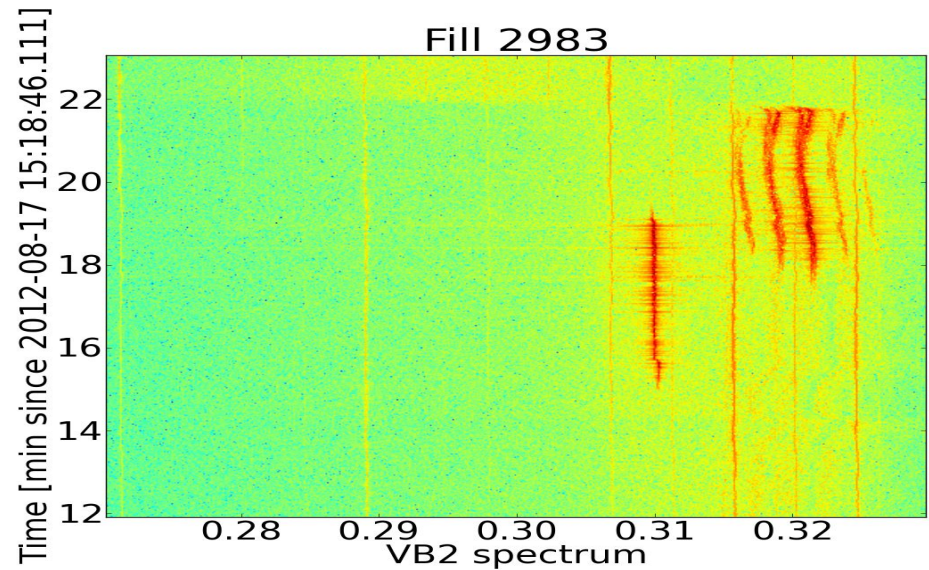
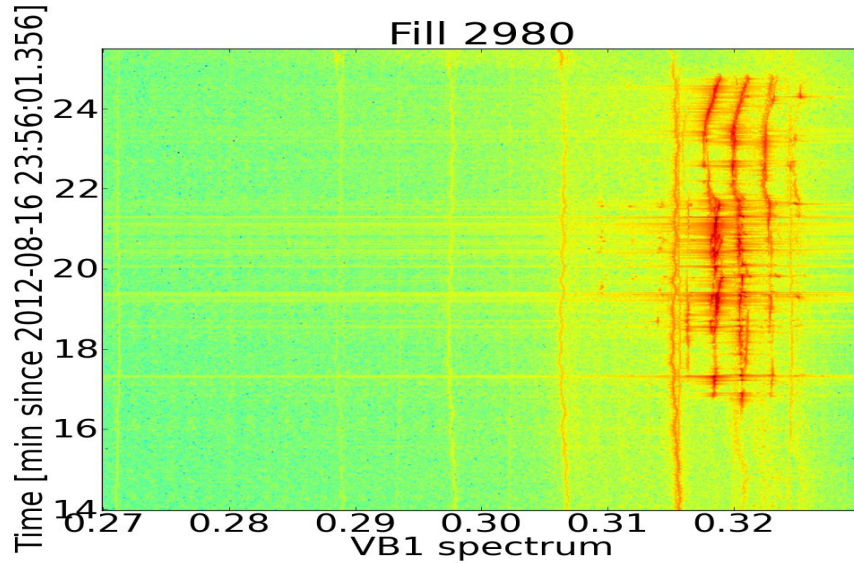
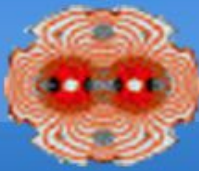


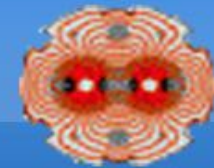
observations – fill 2983



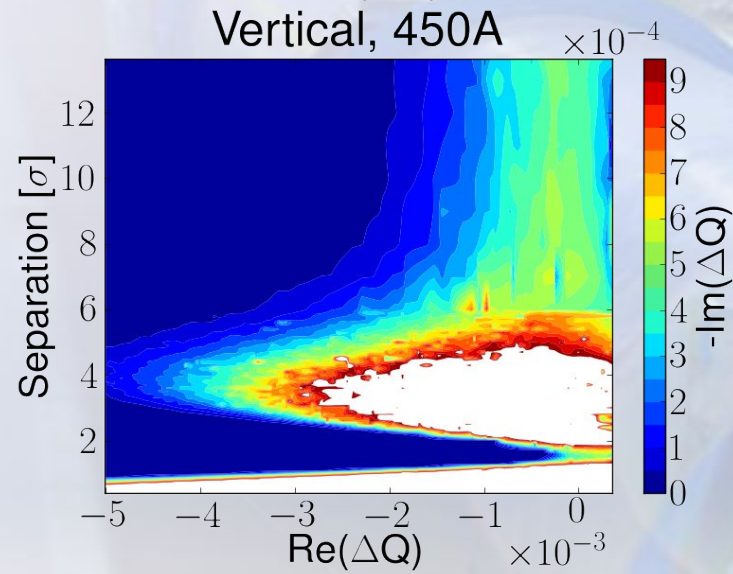
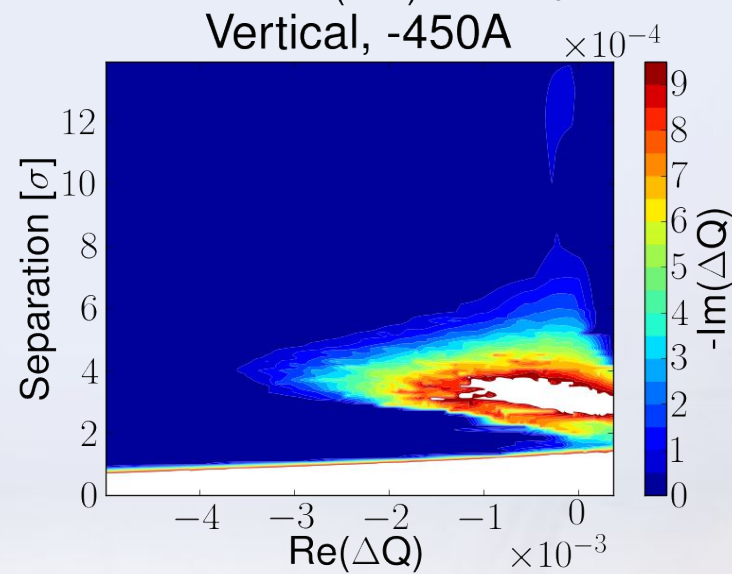
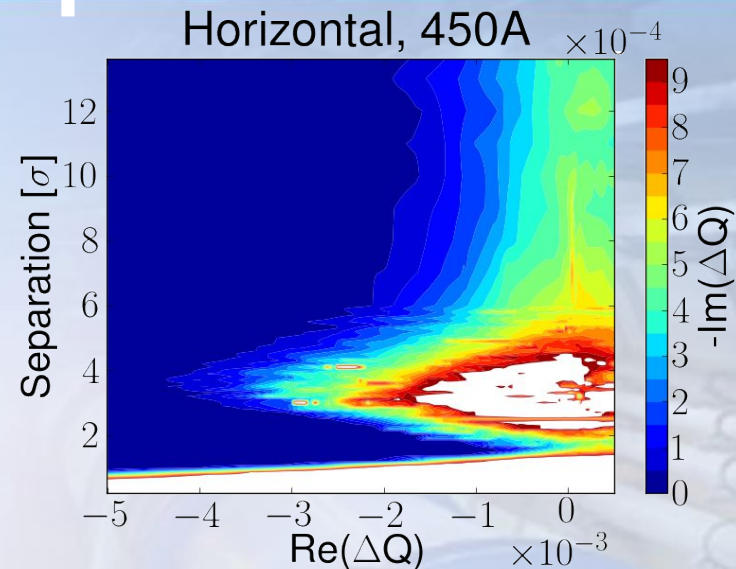
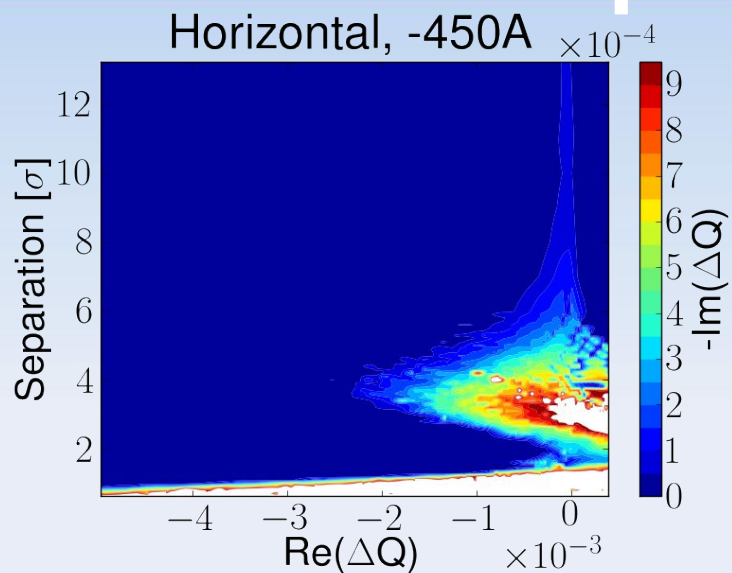


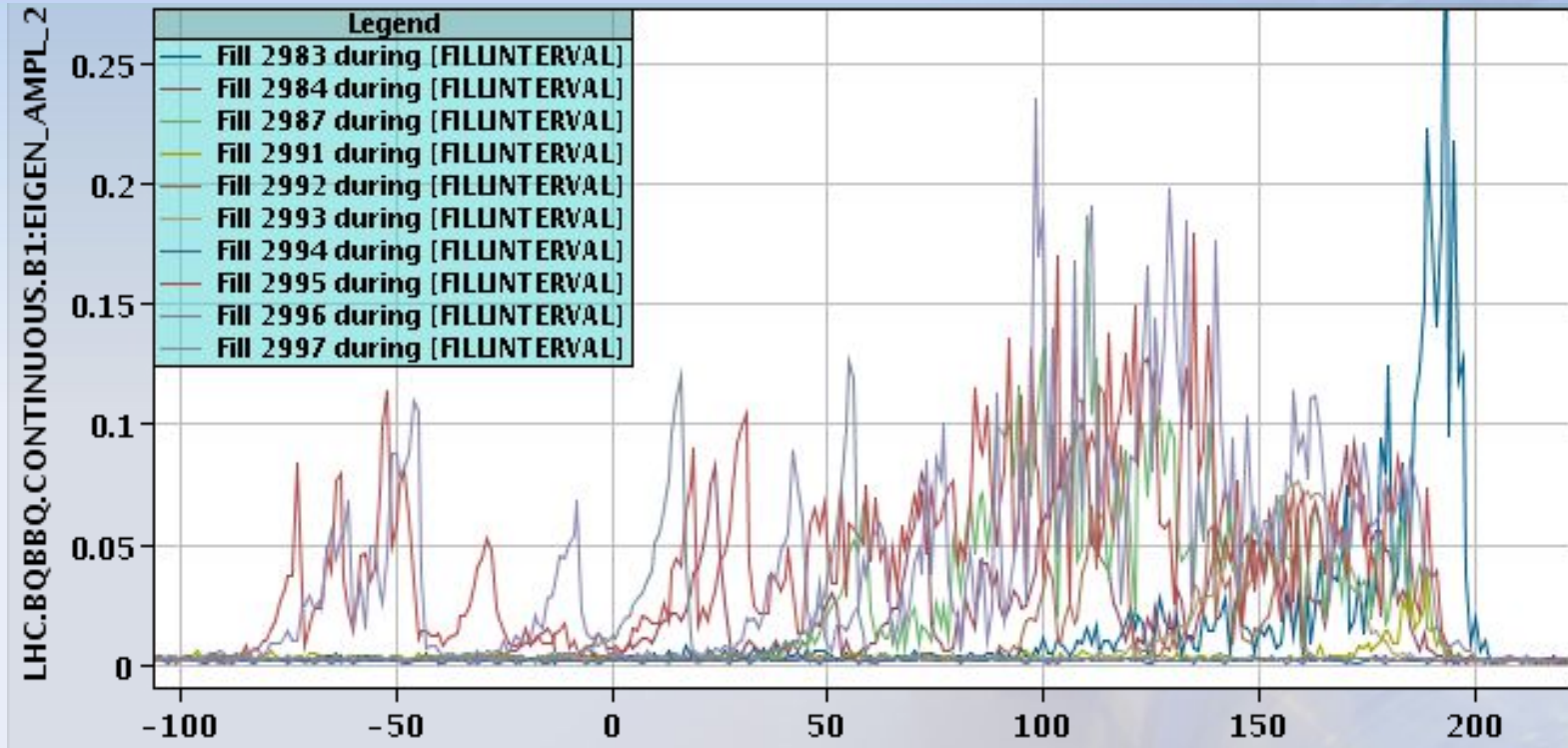
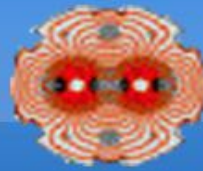
BACKUP reproducibility





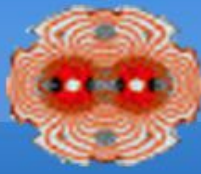
collapse of separation



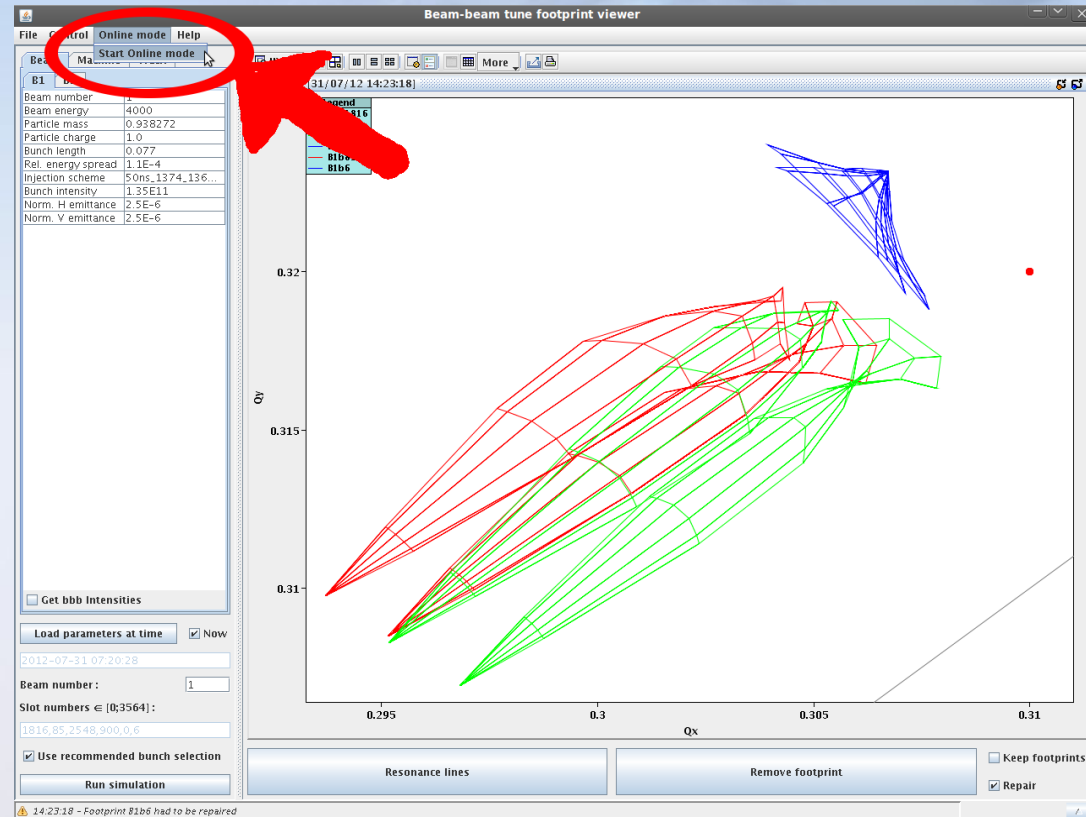


Time [s since start of PHYSICS beam process]

- Instabilities do not start at the same time in the process
- Sometime during the collapse of separation, but not exclusively

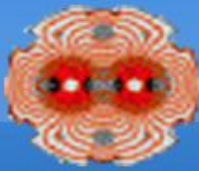


- Online footprint viewer fully operationnal
- Automatically
 - Select interesting bunches
 - Load beam/machine parameters
 - Actualize as fast as possible (Running tracking jobs on a remote machine)

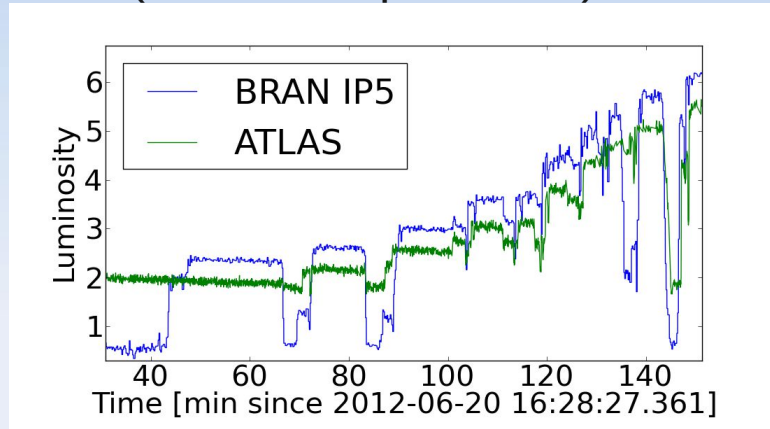


BACKUP

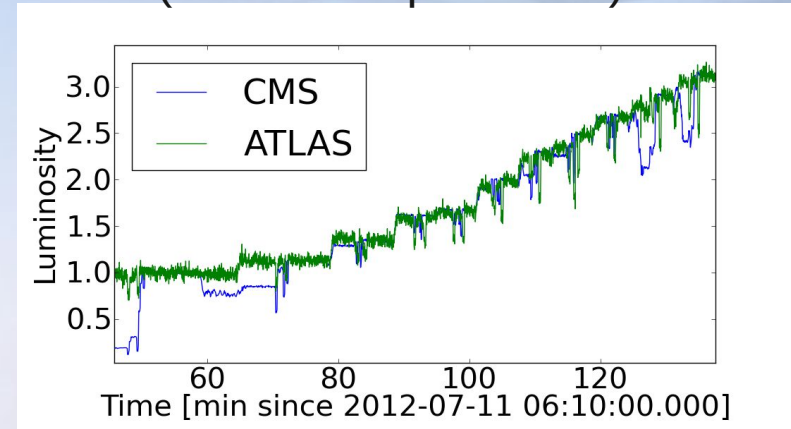
β^* leveling MD



2748 (2 bunches per beam)



2828 (2 bunches per beam)



2829 (1 train of 48 bunches per beam)

